

Hawkesley Church Primary Long-Term Knowledge and Skills progression

Spoken Word	Word Reading	<u>Comprehension</u>	Writing -	Writing - Handwriting	Writing - Composition	Writing – Grammar,
			<u>transcription</u>			Vocabulary and
						<u>Punctuation</u>
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught	Pupils should be taught to:	Spelling (see English	Pupils should be	Pupils should be taught	Pupils should be taught
Ilisten and respond	to:	② develop pleasure in reading, motivation	Appendix 1)	taught to:	to:	to:
appropriately to adults	② continue to apply	to read, vocabulary and understanding by:	Pupils should be	form lower-case	② develop positive	② develop their
and their peers	phonic knowledge and	Ilistening to, discussing and expressing	taught to:	letters of the correct	attitudes towards and	understanding of the
② ask relevant questions to	skills as the route to	views about a wide range of contemporary		size relative to one	stamina for writing by:	concepts set out in
extend their	decode words until	and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction	segmenting spoken	another	writing narratives about	English Appendix 2 by:
understanding and	automatic decoding has	at a level beyond that at which they can	words into phonemes	start using some of	personal experiences and	! learning how to use
knowledge	become embedded and	read independently	and representing	the diagonal and	those of others (real and	both familiar and new
② use relevant strategies	reading is fluent	2 discussing the sequence of events in	these by graphemes,	horizontal strokes	fictional)	punctuation correctly
to build their vocabulary	② read accurately by	books and how items of information are	spelling many	needed to join letters	writing about real	(see English Appendix 2),
② articulate and justify	blending the sounds in	related	correctly	and understand	events	including full stops,
answers, arguments and	words that contain the	② becoming increasingly familiar with and	learning new ways	which letters, when	? writing poetry	capital letters,
opinions	graphemes taught so far,	retelling a wider range of stories, fairy	of spelling phonemes	adjacent to one	writing for different	exclamation marks,
② give well-	especially recognising	stories and traditional tales	for which one or	another, are best left	purposes	question marks, commas
structured descriptions,	alternative sounds for	② being introduced to non-fiction books	more spellings are	unjoined	? consider what they are	for lists and apostrophes
explanations and	graphemes 🛭 read	that are structured in different ways	already known, and	write capital letters	going to write before	for contracted forms and
narratives for different	accurately words of two		learn some words	and digits of the	beginning by:	the possessive (singular)

purposes, including for expressing feelings maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ② use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas 2 speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English 2 participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates 2 gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 2 consider and evaluate different viewpoint s, attending to and building on the contributions of others select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.

or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word Pread most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered Pread aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation Pre-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

Precognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary discussing their favourite words and phrases 2 continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: 2 drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading 2 making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done ② answering and asking questions 2 predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far 2 participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say 2 explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both

those that they listen to and those that

they read for themselves.

with each spelling, including a few common homophones learning to spell common exception words learning to spell more words with contracted forms learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] 2 distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones 2 add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, ness, -ful, -less, -ly 2 apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1 write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.

correct size. 2 planning or saying out loud what they are going orientation and relationship to one to write about writing down ideas another and to lower case letters and/or key words, including new vocabulary use spacing between words that ② encapsulating what reflects the size of the they want to say, letters. sentence by sentence 2 make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: 2 evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils 2 re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form 2 proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly]

read aloud what they

appropriate intonation to

make the meaning clear.

have written with

Plearn how to use: sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command ② expanded noun phrases to describe and specify for example, the blue butterfly] the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and coordination (using or, and, or but) 12 the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2 2 some features of written Standard English 2 use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.

Spoken Word	Word Reading	<u>Comprehension</u>	Writing - transcription	Writing -	Writing - Composition	Writing – Grammar,
				<u>Handwriting</u>		Vocabulary and Punctuation
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be	Pupils should be taught to:	Spelling (see English	Pupils should be	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught
Ilisten and respond	taught to:	☐ develop positive attitudes to reading	Appendix 1)	taught to:	② plan their writing by:	to:
appropriately to adults	apply their growing	and understanding of what they read by:	Pupils should be taught	② use the diagonal	discussing writing similar to	② develop their
and their peers	knowledge of root	Iistening to and discussing a wide range	to:	and horizontal	that which they are planning	understanding of the
② ask relevant questions to	words, prefixes and	of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and	② use further prefixes and	strokes that are	to write in order to	concepts set out in
extend their	suffixes (etymology	reference books or textbooks	suffixes and understand	needed to join	understand and learn from its	English Appendix 2 by:
understanding and	and morphology) as	Preading books that are structured in	how to add them (English	letters and	structure, vocabulary and	② extending the range of
knowledge	listed in English	different ways and reading for a range of	Appendix 1)	understand which	grammar	sentences with more than
use relevant strategies	Appendix 1, both to	purposes	2 spell further	letters, when	② discussing and recording	one clause by using a
to build their vocabulary	read aloud and to	using dictionaries to check the meaning	homophones	adjacent to one	ideas	wider range of
② articulate and justify	understand the	of words that they have read	2 spell words that are	another, are best	2 draft and write by:	conjunctions, including
answers, arguments and	meaning of new	Increasing their familiarity with a wide	often misspelt (English	left unjoined	② composing and rehearsing	when, if, because,
opinions	words they meet	range of books, including fairy stories,	Appendix 1)	② increase the	sentences orally (including	although
give well-structured	read further	myths and legends, and retelling some of	Place the possessive	legibility,	dialogue), progressively	using the present
descriptions, explanations	exception words,	these orally	apostrophe accurately in	consistency and	building a varied and rich	perfect form of verbs in
and narratives for	noting the unusual	identifying themes and conventions in	words with regular	quality of their	vocabulary and an increasing	contrast to the past tense
different purposes,	correspondences	a wide range of books preparing poems	plurals [for example,	handwriting [for	range of sentence structures	choosing nouns or
including for expressing	between spelling	and play scripts to read aloud and to	girls', boys'] and in words	example, by	(English Appendix 2)	pronouns appropriately
feelings	and sound, and where	perform, showing understanding through	with irregular plurals [for	ensuring that the	② organising paragraphs	for clarity and cohesion
maintain attention and	these occur in the	intonation, tone, volume and action	example, children's]	downstrokes of	around a theme	and to avoid repetition
participate actively in	word.	discussing words and phrases that	use the first two or	letters are parallel	In narratives, creating	using conjunctions,
collaborative		capture the reader's interest and	three letters of a word to	and equidistant;	settings, characters and plot	adverbs and prepositions
conversations, staying on		imagination	check its spelling in a	that lines of writing	② in non-narrative material,	to express time and cause
topic and initiating and		Precognising some different forms of	dictionary	are spaced	using simple organisational	using fronted adverbials
responding to comments		poetry [for example, free verse, narrative	write from memory	sufficiently so that	devices [for example,	! learning the grammar
② use spoken language to		poetry]	simple sentences,	the ascenders and	headings and sub-headings]	for years 3 and 4 in
develop understanding		② understand what they read, in books	dictated by the teacher,	descenders of	② evaluate and edit by:	English Appendix 2
through speculating,		they can read independently, by:	that include words and	letters do not	② assessing the effectiveness	② indicate grammatical
hypothesising, imagining		checking that the text makes sense to	punctuation taught so far.	touch].	of their own and others'	and other features by:
and exploring ideas		them, discussing their understanding and			writing and suggesting	using commas after
② speak audibly and		explaining the meaning of words in			improvements	fronted adverbials
fluently with an increasing		context			② proposing changes to	Indicating possession by
command of Standard		② asking questions to improve their			grammar and vocabulary to	using the possessive
English		understanding of a text			improve consistency,	apostrophe with plural
② participate in		② drawing inferences such as inferring			including the accurate use of	nouns
discussions, presentations,		characters' feelings, thoughts and			pronouns in sentences	using and punctuating
performances, role play,		motives from their actions, and justifying			Proof-read for spelling and	direct speech
		inferences with evidence			punctuation errors	

improvisations and	Predicting what might happen from	2 read aloud their own	② use and understand the
debates	details stated and implied	writing, to a group or the	grammatical terminology
🛚 gain, maintain and	! identifying main ideas drawn from	whole class, using	in English Appendix 2
monitor the interest of the	more than one paragraph and	appropriate intonation and	accurately and
listener(s)	summarising these	controlling the tone and	appropriately when
② consider and evaluate	identifying how language, structure,	volume so that the meaning	discussing their writing
different viewpoints,	and presentation contribute to meaning	is clear.	and reading.
attending to and building	retrieve and record information from		
on the contributions of	non-fiction		
others	2 participate in discussion about both		
select and use	books that are read to them and those		
appropriate registers for	they can read for themselves, taking		
effective communication.	turns and listening to what others say.		

Spoken Word	Word Reading	<u>Comprehension</u>	Writing - transcription	Writing - Handwriting	Writing - Composition	Writing – Grammar,
						Vocabulary and
						<u>Punctuation</u>
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be	Pupils should be taught to:	Spelling (see English	Pupils should be	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught
Iisten and respond	taught to:	② develop positive attitudes to reading	Appendix 1)	taught to:	plan their writing by:	to:
appropriately to adults	② apply their growing	and understanding of what they read by:	Pupils should be taught	② use the diagonal	discussing writing similar to	② develop their
and their peers	knowledge of root	Istening to and discussing a wide range	to:	and horizontal	that which they are planning	understanding of the
② ask relevant questions to	words, prefixes and	of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and	② use further prefixes	strokes that are	to write in order to	concepts set out in
extend their	suffixes (etymology	reference books or textbooks	and suffixes and	needed to join letters	understand and learn from its	English Appendix 2 by:
understanding and	and morphology) as	Preading books that are structured in	understand how to add	and understand	structure, vocabulary and	② extending the range of
knowledge	listed in English	different ways and reading for a range of	them (English Appendix	which letters, when	grammar	sentences with more than
② use relevant strategies	Appendix 1, both to	purposes	1)	adjacent to one	discussing and recording	one clause by using a
to build their vocabulary	read aloud and to	using dictionaries to check the meaning	② spell further	another, are best left	ideas	wider range of
② articulate and justify	understand the	of words that they have read	homophones	unjoined	② draft and write by:	conjunctions, including
answers, arguments and	meaning of new	Increasing their familiarity with a wide	spell words that are	Increase the	Composing and rehearsing	when, if, because,
opinions	words they meet	range of books, including fairy stories,	often misspelt (English	legibility, consistency	sentences orally (including	although
give well-structured	? read further	myths and legends, and retelling some of	Appendix 1)	and quality of their	dialogue), progressively	using the present
descriptions, explanations	exception words,	these orally	Place the possessive	handwriting [for	building a varied and rich	perfect form of verbs in
and narratives for	noting the unusual	Identifying themes and conventions in	apostrophe accurately	example, by ensuring	vocabulary and an increasing	contrast to the past tense
different purposes,	correspondences	a wide range of books preparing poems	in words with regular	that the downstrokes	range of sentence structures	choosing nouns or
including for expressing	between spelling	and play scripts to read aloud and to	plurals [for example,	of letters are parallel	(English Appendix 2)	pronouns appropriately
feelings	and sound, and where	perform, showing understanding through	girls', boys'] and in	and equidistant; that	② organising paragraphs	for clarity and cohesion
maintain attention and	these occur in the	intonation, tone, volume and action	words with irregular	lines of writing are	around a theme	and to avoid repetition
participate actively in	word.			spaced sufficiently so		

collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments ② use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas 2 speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English 2 participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates 2 gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 2 consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others 2 select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.

② discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination ? recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetryl 2 understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by: 2 checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context 2 asking questions to improve their understanding of a text 2 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence 2 predicting what might happen from details stated and implied identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning 2 retrieve and record information from non-fiction 2 participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.

plurals [for example, children's]
② use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary
② write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.

that the ascenders

and descenders of

letters do not touch].

② in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-headings] 2 evaluate and edit by: ② assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences 2 proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors 2 read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.

② using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause using fronted adverbials learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in **English Appendix 2** indicate grammatical and other features by: using commas after fronted adverbials indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns using and punctuating direct speech ② use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.

Spoken Word	<u>Word</u> Reading	<u>Comprehension</u>	Writing - transcription	Writing - Handwriting	Writing - Composition	Writing – Grammar, Vocabulary and Punctuation
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils	Pupils should be taught to:	Spelling (see	Pupils should	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
I listen and respond	should be	maintain positive attitudes to reading and	English Appendix	be taught to:	2 plan their writing by:	② develop their
appropriately to adults	taught to:	understanding of what they read by:	1)	write legibly,	identifying the audience for and	understanding of the
and their peers	apply their	② continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide	Pupils should be	fluently and	purpose of the writing, selecting the	concepts set out in English
② ask relevant questions to	growing	range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and	taught to:	with	appropriate form and using other	Appendix 2 by:
extend their	knowledge	reference books or textbooks	② use further	increasing	similar writing as models for their	recognising vocabulary and
understanding and	of root	☐ reading books that are structured in different ways	prefixes and	speed by:	own	structures that are
knowledge	words,	and reading for a range of purposes	suffixes and	choosing	2 noting and developing initial ideas,	appropriate for formal
② use relevant strategies	prefixes and	② increasing their familiarity with a wide range of	understand the	which shape	drawing on reading and research	speech and writing, including
to build their vocabulary	suffixes	books, including myths, legends and traditional stories,	guidance for	of a letter to	where necessary	subjunctive forms
② articulate and justify	(morpholog	modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and	adding them	use when	② in writing narratives, considering	② using passive verbs to affect
answers, arguments and	y and	books from other cultures and traditions	2 spell some	given choices	how authors have developed	the presentation of
opinions	etymology),	recommending books that they	words with	and deciding	characters and settings in what pupils	information in a sentence
② give well-structured	as listed in	have read to their peers, giving reasons for their	'silent' letters [for	whether or	have read, listened to or seen	② using the perfect form of
descriptions, explanations	English	choices	example, knight,	not to join	performed	verbs to mark relationships of
and narratives for	Appendix 1,	identifying and discussing themes and conventions in	psalm, solemn]	specific little	2 draft and write by:	time and cause
different purposes,	both to read	and across a wide range of writing	2 continue to	choosing the	selecting appropriate grammar and	② using expanded noun
including for expressing	aloud and		distinguish	writing	vocabulary, understanding how such	phrases to convey
feelings	to		between	implement	choices can change and enhance	complicated information
② maintain attention and	understand	preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to	homophones and	that is best	meaning	concisely
participate actively in	the	perform, showing understanding through intonation,	other words	suited for a	② in narratives, describing settings,	② using modal verbs or
collaborative	meaning of	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an	which are often	task.	characters and atmosphere and	adverbs to indicate degrees
conversations, staying on	new words	audience	confused		integrating dialogue to convey	of possibility
topic and initiating and	that they	② understand what they read by:	② use knowledge		character and advance the action	② using relative clauses
responding to comments	meet.	② checking that the book makes sense to them,	of morphology		précising longer passages	beginning with who, which,
② use spoken language to		discussing their understanding and exploring the	and etymology in		② using a wide range of devices to	where, when, whose, that or
develop understanding		meaning of words in context	spelling and		build cohesion within and across	with an implied (i.e. omitted)
through speculating,		② asking questions to improve their understanding	understand that		paragraphs	relative pronoun
hypothesising, imagining		☑ drawing inferences such as inferring characters'	the spelling of		② using further organisational and	! learning the grammar for
and exploring ideas		feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and	some words		presentational devices to structure	years 5 and 6 in English
speak audibly and		justifying inferences with evidence	needs to be learnt		text and to guide the reader [for	Appendix 2
fluently with an increasing		Predicting what might happen from details stated	specifically, as		example, headings, bullet points,	② indicate grammatical and
command of Standard		and implied	listed in English		underlining]	other features by:
English			Appendix 1		2 evaluate and edit by:	② using commas to clarify
participate in		one paragraph, identifying key details that support the	2 use dictionaries		2 assessing the effectiveness of their	meaning or avoid ambiguity
discussions, presentations,		main ideas	to check the		own and others' writing	in writing
performances, role play,		② identifying how language, structure and presentation	spelling and		2 proposing changes to vocabulary,	② using hyphens to avoid
improvisations and		contribute to meaning	meaning of words		grammar and punctuation to	ambiguity
debates		☑ discuss and evaluate how authors use language,	② use the first		enhance effects and clarify meaning	② using brackets, dashes or
		including figurative language, considering the impact	three or four		, ,	commas to indicate
		on the reader	letters of a word			parenthesis

🛚 gain, maintain and	② distinguish between statements of fact and opinion	to check spelling,	🛚 ensuring the consistent and correct 🔻 using semi-colons, colons or
monitor the interest of the	Pretrieve, record and present information from non-	meaning or both	use of tense throughout a piece of dashes to mark boundaries
listener(s)	fiction	of these in a	writing between independent
② consider and evaluate	Participate in discussions about books that are read	dictionary	② ensuring correct subject and verb clauses
different viewpoints,	to them and those they can read for themselves,	② use a thesaurus.	agreement when using singular and ② using a colon to introduce a
attending to and building	building on their own and others' ideas and		plural, distinguishing between the list
on the contributions of	challenging views courteously		language of speech and writing and
others	2 explain and discuss their understanding of what they		choosing the appropriate register consistently
② select and use	have read, including through formal presentations and		☑ proof-read for spelling and ☑ use and understand the
appropriate registers for	debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using		punctuation errors grammatical terminology in
effective communication.	notes where necessary		☑ perform their own compositions, English Appendix 2 accurately
	Provide reasoned justifications for their views.		using appropriate intonation, and appropriately in
			volume, and movement so that discussing their writing and
			meaning is clear. reading.

Spoken Word	Word	Comprehension	Writing -	Writing -	Writing - Composition	Writing – Grammar,
	Reading	<u> </u>	transcription	Handwriting		Vocabulary and Punctuation
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should	Pupils should be taught to:	Spelling (see	Pupils should	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
Iisten and respond	be taught to:	maintain positive attitudes to reading and	English Appendix	be taught to:	② plan their writing by:	② develop their
appropriately to adults and	apply their	understanding of what they read by:	1)	write legibly,	② identifying the audience for and	understanding of the
their peers	growing	② continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide	Pupils should be	fluently and	purpose of the writing, selecting the	concepts set out in English
② ask relevant questions to	knowledge of	range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and	taught to:	with	appropriate form and using other	Appendix 2 by:
extend their understanding	root words,	reference books or textbooks	② use further	increasing	similar writing as models for their	recognising vocabulary and
and knowledge	prefixes and		prefixes and	speed by:	own	structures that are
② use relevant strategies to	suffixes	and reading for a range of purposes	suffixes and	choosing	noting and developing initial ideas,	appropriate for formal
build their vocabulary	(morphology	Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of	understand the	which shape	drawing on reading and research	speech and writing, including
② articulate and justify	and	books, including myths, legends and traditional stories,	guidance for	of a letter to	where necessary	subjunctive forms
answers, arguments and	etymology),	modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and	adding them	use when	in writing narratives, considering	using passive verbs to affect
opinions	as listed in	books from other cultures and traditions	2 spell some	given choices	how authors have developed	the presentation of
② give well-structured	English	recommending books that they have read to their	words with	and deciding	characters and settings in what pupils	information in a sentence
	Appendix 1,	peers, giving reasons for their choices	'silent' letters [for	whether or	have read, listened to or seen	using the perfect form of
	both to read	② identifying and discussing themes and conventions in	example, knight,	not to join	performed	verbs to mark relationships of
	aloud and to	and across a wide range of writing	psalm, solemn]	specific little	② draft and write by:	time and cause
	understand	making comparisons within and across books	② continue to	choosing the	selecting appropriate grammar and	using expanded noun
descriptions, explanations	the meaning	Ilearning a wider range of poetry by heart	distinguish	writing	vocabulary, understanding how such	phrases to convey
and narratives for different	of new words	Preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to	between	implement	choices can change and enhance	complicated information
purposes, including for	that they	perform, showing understanding through intonation,	homophones and	that is best	meaning	concisely
expressing feelings	meet.	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an	other words	suited for a	② in narratives, describing settings,	
		audience		task.	characters and atmosphere and	

7 maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments 2 use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas 2 speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard **English** 2 participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates 2 gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) 🛽 consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.

2 understand what they read by: 2 checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context 2 asking questions to improve their understanding 2 drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and iustifying inferences with evidence Predicting what might happen from details stated and implied 2 summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas 2 identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning 2 discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader 2 distinguish between statements of fact and opinion 2 retrieve, record and present information from nonfiction 2 participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously 2 explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using

2 provide reasoned justifications for their views.

notes where necessary

which are often confused use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in English Appendix 1 ② use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words 2 use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary ② use a thesaurus.

integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action précising longer passages 2 using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs 2 using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining] ② evaluate and edit by: 2 assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing 2 proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register 2 proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors 2 perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that

meaning is clear.

2 using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2 indicate grammatical and other features by: 2 using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing 2 using hyphens to avoid ambiguity ② using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis ② using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses 2 using a colon to introduce a punctuating bullet points consistently 2 use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in

discussing their writing and

reading.