

HAWKESLEY CHURCH PRIMARY ACADEMY

Behaviour Policy

"Let your light shine" Matthew 5:16

Policy statement

At Hawkesley Church Primary Academy, we say to our pupils 'let your light shine' (Matthew 5:16). As staff, our role is to create a school, and deliver a curriculum, which equips our children, staff and community to thrive and experience life in all its fullness (John 10:10).

We draw strength and example from God to help us provide an education and quality of care rooted in enabling all to realise and share their God-given talents and skills.

We look to Matthew 5:14a & 5:16 to guide us:

'You are the light of the world...let your light shine before others, so that they may see your good works and give glory to your Father in heaven' (Mathew 5:14a &16).

Our restorative approach to managing behaviour helps pupils to strengthen relationships with others by taking time for open and honest conversations, supporting them to work through conflict, reflect and find resolutions.

This policy was written using guidance from the DFE document Behaviour in Schools: Advice for Headteachers and school staff (September 2022).

Policy Aims

The purpose of this policy is to give a clear code of conduct for all stakeholders at Hawkesley Church Primary Academy. It has been created after consultation with staff, governors, children, and parents. It reflects the values and principles of our school.

For behaviour to be consistently good, children and their parents/carers must be aware of our expectations. This policy states the school's standards and expectations and outlines the rewards and sanctions that may be given.

A values-based culture

We base our school standards on the principle that all children and staff have a right to be safe at school, be shown respect and to be able to learn and/or teach.

As a church school, our student culture is shaped around Luke 6:31, 'Do to others as you would have them do to you.' We refer to this as the Golden Rule.

The Golden Rule can also be found in all other world faiths and is adopted by many atheists as a moral code. We use this to help all members of our community to see merit and deeper understanding in this rule.

As a Church school, our school values guide us in how to deliver the Golden Rule. Our school values are:



These values permeate through every aspect of school life. Through explicit teaching, modelling and promoting of these values, we believe we can help provide a climate where all children are successful, safe and have positive mental health.

To best enable children to learn and apply their God-given gifts, we have developed a strong understanding around shared cultural norms. These include turning and facing people talking to us, moving around school quietly and showing kindness towards others. Each of these decisions are rooted within the realisation of our school values.

During restorative conversations, adults and pupils are encouraged to refer to the relative value at the centre of the conflict or the resolution – this approach is taught in Collective Worship and regularly reinforced.

Our Restorative Approach

Restorative Practice is a way to be, not a process to follow or a thing to do at certain times. It is a term used to describe principles, behaviours and approaches which build and maintain healthy relationships and a sense of community. It can resolve difficulties and repair harm where there has been conflict.

A restorative school understands that children, families, and staff give their best when their needs are met, when they feel safe and when they understand their relationships with others.

A restorative approach allows time to listen to the voice of individuals, staff, and families. It empowers them to find their own solutions to what is concerning them.

The five core principles are:

- 1. Everyone has a unique perspective and a valued contribution to make.
- 2. Our thoughts influence our feelings, and both influence our actions we need to unpick what is going on behind behaviour.
- 3. Our actions impact those around us we need to consider the consequences of our actions.
- 4. Our actions are strategies we have chosen to meet our needs at the time we need to reflect whether these actions are appropriate.

5. We need to be enabled and empowered to make positive and sustainable changes for ourselves through collaborative and restorative conversations.

<u>Understanding The Impact of Trauma on Children's Behaviour</u>

When children have experienced trauma, particularly multiple traumatic events over an extended period, their bodies, brains, and nervous systems adapt in an effort to protect them. This might result in behaviours such as increased aggression, distrusting or disobeying adults, or even dissociation (feeling disconnected from reality).

With this in mind, we use Trauma Informed Practice when managing children's behaviour and emotional reactions. Staff have received TIAAS training (Trauma Informed Attachment Aware School) which supports us to meet the needs of our children. Reasonable adjustments are made for children who have experienced trauma.

Our School Reward Systems

Expected behaviour is promoted, acknowledged and rewarded in the following ways:

- ✓ Frequent praise and celebration: All staff will look for, acknowledge and reward, good behaviour choices.
- ✓ Headteacher Sticker/praise pad: Special achievements will be celebrated by awarding headteacher stickers. Children will visit the headteacher to show their work and receive a special sticker. For extra special achievements, children will also be awarded a headteacher praise pad.
- ✓ Stars of the week: A child from each class is chosen by their teacher each week to be celebrated in a special Collective Worship each Friday. Parents are invited and certificates given.
- ✓ **Dojo Points:** These are used to develop a sense of community, teamwork and collective responsibility within the school. Adults can also award individual house points. The maximum number of house points that can be awarded is 5. This should be for exceptional behaviour.
- ✓ **Stickers:** all staff reward children for a range of positive behaviours and achievements with stickers. These may be worn on clothing or displayed in their books.
- ✓ Praise Pads: Class teachers will also reward good choices, effort and achievement
 with Praise Pads. The children can take these home to celebrate their achievements
 with family.
- ✓ **Post Cards Home:** Teachers regularly post personalised messages of congratulations home to families to help spread the positive celebration of achievements in school.
- ✓ Roles and responsibilities: Throughout school, there are important roles and
 responsibilities that children can apply for or be selected to lead on. These are a
 positive reflection of their character and given to pupils who can be celebrated as role
 models.
- ✓ **Lunchtime Superstars:** Each Friday, during our celebration Collective Worship, we celebrate two children from each class who have been recognised by lunchtime supervisors for their positive lunch time behaviour.
- ✓ Half-termly Merits: These special awards are given by class teachers and awarded to pupils for: academic achievement, warm hearts and personal development. Throughout their time at Hawkesley, the children can collect a wide range of colours to reflect their achievements.

- ✓ **Termly Headteacher Medal**: This prestigious award is given to one child per class at the end of every term for those children who consistently embody our school values, letting their light shine for all to see and learn from.
- ✓ Marble Jars: as a class, marbles are earned for positive whole-class behaviours and achievements. Once the jar is full, children can vote on a whole-class reward. This encourages everyone to work together to achieve the very best.
- ✓ Cushions: in classrooms, groups of children can earn a cushion on their chair for positive learning behaviours in the classroom. This encourages teamwork within table teams and smaller groups.

Celebrating expected behaviour encourages a culture of good behaviour, which in turn promotes positive mental health of pupils and staff. A list of expected behaviours can be found as an appendix to this policy. This is not an exhaustive list but indicates the types of behaviours that we expect to see at Hawkesley.

Unacceptable and seriously harmful behaviours

For all children to feel safe, respected, and able to learn at school, we have high expectations of our behaviour. The following are behaviours have no place within a flourishing Church school:

- Violence (physical or verbal)
- Aggression/ threatening behaviour
- Defiance
- Disrespect to people or property
- Constant low-level disruption
- Violation of the equalities act (prejudice-based or discriminatory behaviour)
- Bullying and cyberbullying

A list of unacceptable and seriously harmful behaviours can be found as an appendix to this policy. This is not an exhaustive list, but indicates the types of behaviours that are not welcome at Hawkesley.

Consequences: Unacceptable Behaviours

Low-level or "one-off" behaviours will be dealt with in class.

These are behaviours that are unacceptable in our school, such as: shouting out, answering back, one-off theft, reactionary behaviours, poor attitude towards staff, name calling, one-off disrespectful behaviours, one-off non-compliance (not following instructions), isolated harmful incidents, damaging property, running inside school, incorrect uniform, poor lunchtime etiquette.

Teachers should use their professional judgement in choosing and using consequences. The prime motivation should be to help a child make good behaviour choices, rather than punish poor ones. Whilst the stages below provide a graduated response to poor behaviour, teachers will respond in the most appropriate way for the context and child involved.

- 1. **Seen –** a non-verbal cue is given to the child to encourage them to make a quick correction to the behaviour, e.g. a look, using proximity.
- 2. **Verbal Reminder** a member of staff speaks to the child about the incident, helps to resolve it and reminds the child of expectations moving forward.

- 3. **Reflection Time –** Some time is given (in class) to allow for some 'cool off' time to encourage reflection.
- 4. **Pause** Further reflection time is given at Break time or Lunch time to support understanding of what went wrong and discuss options for 'putting it right'.
- 5. **Parents/Carers** The class teacher will hold a partnership conversation with the pupil and their parents/carers to provide a joint approach to supporting the child.
- 6. **SLT** The child and parents/carers will meet with a member of the Senior Leadership Team who will review their provision and consider putting a Behaviour Plan in place.
- 7. **Head Teacher –** The child and parents/carers will meet with the Head Teacher to reflect upon their journey and decide the next steps.

Staff work hard to "catch the child being good" and to support them to think of resolutions.

Below are examples of consequences that a teacher may use in the event of low-level behaviour issues:

- ✓ Missing playtime (in intervals of 5 minutes). Ideally, children to stay with an adult and complete missed work and/or discuss the behaviour and a resolution
- ✓ Loss of football privileges
- √ Time-in (spending time with the teacher/learning mentor instead of playing)
- ✓ Moving the child away from friends/ peers when working
- ✓ Sending the child to see the senior leader (either during break time, or to complete work)
- ✓ Reflection Time (sitting away from others, thinking chair, etc...)
- ✓ Not being allowed to do their monitor job for a specified amount of time
- ✓ Missing some or all of marble jar day.

Persistent Unacceptable Behaviour

If a child is making consistently poor behaviour choices, the teacher will work with the phase leader to write a behaviour plan. This will be written with the child and their parents/carers and is a supportive process to encourage positive change. This plan will be reviewed regularly and in a timely fashion (at least half termly). Together, targets, rewards, sanctions and additional provision will be agreed with the aim to support positive behaviours and engagement in school.

Lunch Club also offers an alternative option for children to spend some (or the entirety) of their lunch indoors. This club is designed to support those children who consistently struggle to make good behaviour choices on the playground. Children eat their lunch around a large table and restorative discussions are led by the Attendance and Learning Mentor. The children then have the option of playing on computers, iPads or supporting younger children on alternative playgrounds. The lunch club provision is reviewed with the child and parents, who will aim to agree how best to support the child in returning to the playground with their peers.

Seriously Harmful Behaviours

These are behaviours which cause serious harm to others, such as: physical violence, aggressive/threatening behaviour, any actions which violate the equalities act, child-on-child abuse, inappropriate sexual or indecent behaviours, bullying, persistent non-compliance, swearing, repeated unacceptable behaviours, vandalism, drugs use (including vaping).

Senior leaders will lead on supporting pupils who demonstrate the behaviours mentioned above. In this instance, a member of SLT will give the child a consequence that is proportionate to the poor behaviour. The following are examples of consequences that may be used by SLT:

- ✓ Meeting with parents/guardians.
- ✓ Missing play/lunchtime play.
- ✓ Internal exclusion for a period (the child will take work to their phase leader's classroom for this period; or the child will complete work in a supervised quiet space).
- ✓ Fixed term exclusion for a period of time in line with DFE guidelines.
- ✓ Time in Lunch Club.

A member of SLT will speak with parents in the event of this level of poor behaviour. This may be with the class teacher present. The incident will be recorded on CPOMs.

If a child presents as a risk to the safety of themselves, others, property, good-order or law, then a risk assessment will be completed as part of their behaviour plan.

Supporting Pupils with SEND and other additional needs

We recognise that some pupils will require additional support with their emotions and behaviour to succeed in school. We identify those children through teacher referral, parental referral, child self-referral and through weekly reviews of behaviour records.

We support those pupils through assessments, written behaviour plans and specific programmes of support based on their individual needs. These may be contributed to by parents and external professionals who support our school. Where pupils have high levels of sustained need, provision will be regularly reviewed by multiple stakeholders.

To ensure equality of opportunity, reasonable adjustments will be made to reflect the child's needs.

Documentation of incidents

A clear paper-trail is vital in supporting children to improve their behaviour because it communicates their needs to other adults. It enables staff to identify triggers, find patterns of behaviours and identify potential safeguarding needs.

Parents/Carers and all other staff in school need to be informed if a child has a Needs Base Plan or a Behaviour Plan, so that they can support the child in making good behaviour choices.

Parents/Carers will be informed of any incident that has involved their child being sent to a senior leader for unacceptable and serious behaviours listed above. These meetings are proactive and supportive. They are an opportunity to work in partnership with parents/carers to support children in making positive behaviour choices.

Staff will record these incidents on CPOMs, including any communication with parents/carers. This creates a clear, factual record of the incident and the actions that have been taken in response to it.

Fixed Term Exclusions & Suspensions

Decisions regarding fixed term and permanent exclusions are made using guidance from the DFE Suspension and Permanent Exclusion document (May 2023).

If a child has been sent to a member of SLT for seriously harmful behaviour, then a fixed term exclusion may be used. The length of this fixed term exclusion will depend upon the severity of the behaviour or the fact that it has happened more than once. These exclusions will be recorded on the school registers and parents/carers will be given an official letter in line with Academy and DFE guidelines.

Permanent exclusion will be used as a last resort if a child is compromising the safety and/or wellbeing of other children or staff in line with Academy and DFE guidelines.

Screening and Searching Pupils

Schools have a legal power to search without consent for the following 'prohibited items', which include:

- Knives and weapons
- Alcohol
- Illegal drugs
- Stolen items
- Tobacco and cigarette papers
- Fireworks
- Pornographic images
- Any article that has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence, cause personal injury or damage to property.

Reasonable Force

Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property, and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom. Staff have received Team Teach training to support with this. Reasonable force is a last resort and should only be used to ensure the safety of the pupil, other children and staff.

The Head teacher and authorised school staff may also use reasonable force in certain circumstances, for example when conducting a search without consent for prohibited items (listed above).

Pupil Behaviour Outside of the School Gates

Schools have the following legal power to discipline pupils misbehaving outside of the school gates when the pupil is:

- Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity or travelling to or from school.
- Wearing school uniform.
- In some other way identifiable as a pupil at the school.

Misbehaviour at any time, whether the conditions above apply, that:

- Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school.
- Poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public.
- Could adversely affect the reputation of the school.
- In all cases of misbehaviour, the teacher can only discipline the pupil on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of the staff member.

Pastoral care for school staff

The Local Academy Board instructs the Headteacher to draw on the advice in the 'Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers and Other Staff' guidance when setting out the pastoral support school staff can expect to receive.

Staff Induction

All new members of staff receive a copy of our behaviour policy upon their appointment. We provide regular training to staff at all levels in the implementation of our behaviour policy. We offer coaching, whole-school, phase/team CPD and external training. This training is provided for new and existing members of staff.

Appendixes

- 1. Behaviour Flow Chart
- 2. Visual Flow Chart
- 3. Expected, Unacceptable and Seriously Harmful Behaviours List
- 4. Hawkesley Student Culture Overview
- 5. Stage 1 Behaviour Plan
- 6. Stage 2 Behaviour Plan
- 7. Stage 3 Behaviour Plan
- 8. Stage 3 Risk Assessment
- 9. Behaviour Tracker

Related policies/documents

DFE Suspension and Permanent Exclusion document (May 2023)

DFE behaviour in schools document (September 2022)

Hawkesley Church Primary Academy Anti-Bullying Policy

Hawkesley Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

Policy Written - June 2023

Ratified by Local Academy Board – July 2023

New Policy Launched – September 2023

Review Date – September 2024

Appendix 1 – Behaviour Flow Chart

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	Unacceptable Behaviours	Seriously Harmful Behaviours
	Please see the 'Behaviours List' appendix for examples of Unacceptable Behaviours	Please see the 'Behaviours List' appendix for examples of Seriously Harmful Behaviours
<u> </u>	Managed by the present member of staff. (Supervisor, TA, feacher etc) - Children are given time to 'cool off' Listens to the child, takes time to understand their perspective and emotional responses Emotion coaching - Staff member invests time to have restorative conversations Guides reflection - Offers solutions to the problem Helps to re-built fractured relationships Verbal agreement made to help support child to return to task Behaviour log recorded on CPOMS. Step 2: Wanaged by the child's Class Teacher - All of step one is repeated with their key adult Consider and implement adjustments to support child Parents consulted and met with to share concerns, support and establish consistency between home and school Behaviour log and actions recorded on CPOMS.	Step 1: Managed by a member of SLT. - Children are given time to 'cool off', staff member invests time to have restorative conversations, guides reflection, offers solutions and helps to re-built fractured relationships. Verbal agreement made to help support child to return to task. - Listens to the child, takes time to understand their perspective and emotional responses. - Emotion coaching - Consider and implement adjustments to support child. - Parents consulted and met with to share concerns, support and establish consistency between home and school. - Consideration of behaviour plans to support and set specific individual targets. - Parent meeting to continue joint approach to supporting the child. - Further professional / agency support for child considered. - Lunch club considered as intervention. - Behaviour log and actions recorded on CPOMS.
S A	Managed by a member of SLT. Reflections upon Step 1 and Step 2's impact. Consideration of behaviour plans to support and set specific individual targets. Parent meeting to continue joint approach to supporting the child. Further professional / agency support for child considered. Lunch club considered as intervention. Further behaviour log and actions recorded on CPOMS. Step 4: Managed by the Head Teacher. If Unacceptable behaviour incidents are repeated over-time and the 3 previous steps have no helped to support the child, it will now be considered as a 'Seriously Harmful Behaviour'.	Step 2: - Managed by the Head Teacher. - All previous incidents and patterns considered. - Pupil history and needs reviewed before taking next steps. - Pupil consultation - Parental conversation - Review of reasonable adjustments - Review of behaviour plans, targets and actions - Consideration of internal or external exclusion or suspension. - Plan to return to school / lesson agreed and put in place.

Appendix 2 – Visual Flowchart

N	lon-Verbal Cue	Verbal Reminder	Reflection Time	Pause	Parent Partnership	SLT	Head Teacher
			TIME FOR THE REFLECTION				
inc see of s gi	The behaviour cident has been en by a member staff. The 'look' is ven, proximity is used etc is the 1st chance to correct haviour choices.	A verbal reminder is given, in conversation with your class teacher. This is the 2 nd chance to correct behaviour choices.	Reflection Time is given to 'cool off' and reflect upon mistakes. A resolution is offered and advised. This is the 3rd chance to correct behaviour choices.	You are asked to spend a break or lunch time further reflecting upon actions. In conversation with your teacher, you find a solution. This is the 4th chance to correct behaviour choices.	Your parents/carers and teachers meet in partnership to discuss how to support more positive behaviours. The is the 5th chance to correct behaviour choices.	You will meet with a member of the Senior Leadership Team to review your provision and put a behaviour plan in place. The is the 6th chance to correct behaviour choices.	You will meet with the Head Teacher to reflect upon your journey and to decide the next steps. This is the 7th and final chance to correct behaviours.

Appendix 3 - Expected, Unacceptable and Seriously Harmful Behaviours List

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Expected Behaviours

- · Following the Golden Rule.
- · Living out our school values.
- Accepting and celebrating others for their differences.
- Recognising others' achievements
- Supporting all within our learning community.
- · Being helpful to others.
- Showing Greatness in all we do.
- Showing warmth towards others.
- · Treating others with kindness.
- Being patient and understanding with others.
- Holding open doors for others
- Active participation in lessons and worship.
- Welcoming visitors with warmth and a smile
- Completing work to the best of your ability.

- Polite and respectful language.
- Good manners. ("Please, thank you, excuse me, you're welcome, may I...")
- Expected sitting posture.
- · Active listening in lessons/worship.
- Smooth and calm transitions and movement around school.
- Remaining safe.
- · Safe play.
- Trying your best.
- Showing resilience and perseverance.
- Having courage to try difficult things.
- Including others.
- · Following instructions.
- · Having pride in yourself.
- Best presentation in your books.
- Help keep school a clean and fidy environment.

Unacceptable Behaviours

Seriously Harmful Behaviours

- shouting out repeatedly
- · answering back
- · one-off theft
- · reactionary behaviours
- poor attitude towards staff
- name calling
- one-off disrespectful behaviours
- one-off non-compliance (not following instructions)
- · isolated harmful incidents
- damaging property
- · running inside school
- Poor uniform standards
- lunchtime etiquette.
- Continuous low-level disruption
- · Not participating in active learning

- physical violence
- aggressive/threatening behaviour
- any actions which violate the equalities act
- child-on-child abuse
- inappropriate sexual or indecent behaviours
- bullying
- persistent non-compliance
- swearing
- repeated unacceptable behaviours
- vandalism
- drugs use (including vaping).

Appendix 4 - Hawkesley Student Culture Overview

Strategy	Expectation
Teacher Radar	✓ Teach from three 'hotspots'
	✓ Be seen looking
	✓ Scan your entire classroom
	✓ Challenge and 'catch' children doing the right thing.
Acting upon	√ Use proximity
expectations	✓ Give non-verbal signals to children doing the right thing and to any that need a quick
	correction
	√ Say the <u>student</u> name and 'what they need to do' to correct
	✓ Narrate the positive
	√ If child is still non-compliant follow behaviour policy using zone board etc.
Classroom	✓ Books are out on the tables
entrance	✓ Positive body posture
	 ✓ Organised tables and equipment
	✓ Clear cues for children to start and stop work
	✓ Clear time frame given for 'Do Now' and '5 a day'.
	✓ Make eye contact with the children
	✓ Greet students as they enter
	✓ Narrate the positive
	✓ Step 1,2,3,4 for transition from Do Now to 'I'
"I" and "we"	✓ All students are facing the board
delivery of	✓ Demonstrate outward excitement and high energy
lesson	✓ Ask questions 2 times then call on student for answer
	✓ Nonverbal cues for correct answers and choral response from class for praise
	✓ If incorrect, repeat the question and ask for another student for response. First student
	repeats the answer (correctly) followed by whole class
Interruptions	 ✓ All resources are easily accessible (spare stationery, tissues)
	✓ Use nonverbal signals for bathroom, tissue, pencil sharpening
	✓ Acknowledge nonverbal signal and respond within close proxity of the child
Whole Class to	Facing the front of the classroom
Small Group	✓ Provide cue for attention
	✓ Give nonverbal <u>cue</u> for all students to stand up who need to move
	✓ Say 'transition' for children to move to small group
	✓ Monitor
End of Lesson	✓ Give cue and create a bright line (eg. Today we)
	✓ Narrate expected behaviour
	✓ Use countdown while circulating
	✓ Scan for 100%
L	✓ High energy, introduce next activity
Transition to	✓ Steps given for children tidying tables. Monitors used effectively
playground/hall	✓ Children numbered for lining up
	✓ Call number 1-5, 6-10
	✓ Narrate the positive
	✓ Provide 'stopping points' for students walking to location where the line stops
B 10 101	✓ Adult watches the line and meets and 'stopping points'.
Dealing with	√ Seriously harmful behaviours include: physical violence, swearing, racism, sexism,
Seriously	homophobia, transphobia, biphobia, bullying, damaging school property
Harmful	✓ A senior leader is called for immediately.
Behaviour	✓ Log of behaviour is written onto CPOMS
	✓ Actions taken by SLT are added to CPOMS.

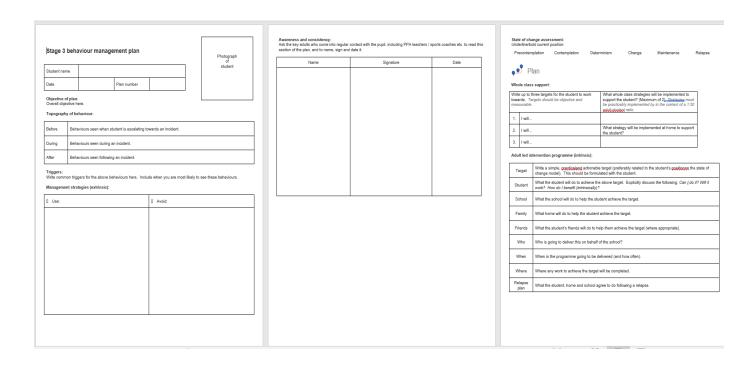
Appendix 5 - Stage 1 Behaviour Plan

Stage 1: Behaviour plan To be written in consultation with parents and the student. Plan number: List those who attended below: Date: Assess What are the behaviours that are causing concern? What do you think might be causing those List a maximum of 3. Be specific and indicate how behaviours? often they occur (eq. once a week, twice a day). • Plan What whole class strategies will be implemented to support the student? (Maximum of 2)—Strategies Write up to two targets for the student to work towards. Be as specific as possible. must be practicably implemented by in the context of a 1:30 adult student ratio. I will... Review date: No longer than one term from today Review Date: What impact did the plan have on the behaviours specified above? Think about the frequency and What should happen next? severity of the behaviours. Plan was effective - student no longer requires support (plan discontinued) Plan was effective - continue support at current level (renew plan or write new plan at this level) Student requires additional support (write plan at Stage 2)

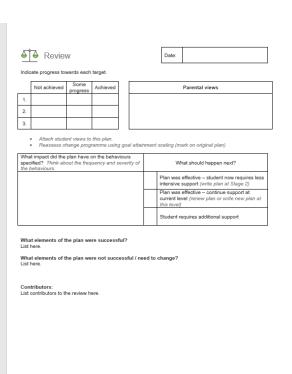
Appendix 6 - Stage 2 Behaviour Plan

						Environmental char	iges			
Sta	age 2: Be	haviour plan				What environmental	changes w	rill be made to	support the	student?
To b	e written in co	onsultation with pare	nts and the st	tudent.	-					
Plan number: List those who attended below:		٦	Other support							
Date	ate:		1	If necessary, write a	ny further	support to be o	offered belo	w.		
Q	Q Assess					Support			Purpose	
List	a maximum of	viours that are causing 3. Be specific and in a conce a week, twice	ndicate how	What do you think might be causing those behaviours?		Impact measureme	nt			
						How will you measu	re the impa	act of the inten	vention? In	corporate an objective, numeric measure.
						Review date:				
					No longer than one	term from	today			
9.9	🏅 Plan									
	Plan	ort:				***				
Who	ole class suppo	targets for the studer	nt to work	What whole class strategies will be implemented to	¬	Review	v			Date:
Who	ole class suppo		nt to work	support the student? (Maximum of 2) Strategies mus be practicably implemented by in the context of a	ıż.	Review		n target.		Date:
Who	ole class suppo te up to three t ards. Targets	targets for the studer	nt to work	support the student? (Maximum of 2) Strategies mus	t			a target.		Date:
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Who Writ tows mea 1. 2. 3. Grow Wha	ole class suppo te up to three t ards. Targets s scurable. I will I will I will up work (adult	targets for the studer should be objective of the distribution of the student t led interventions):	and	support the student? (Maximum of 2) <u>Strategies</u> mus be practicably implemented by in the context of a 1:30 <u>adultication</u> ratio. What strategy will be implemented at home to	it.	Indicate progress to Not achieved 1. 2. 3. Attach student	Some progress	Achieved		
Who Writtown mea	ole class suppo	targets for the studer should be objective of the distribution of the student t led interventions):	and	support the student? (Maximum of 2) <u>Strategies</u> mus be practicably implemented by in the context of a 1:30 <u>adultication</u> ratio. What strategy will be implemented at home to	at .	Not achieved 1. 2. 3.	Some progress	Achieved is plan. on the behavior		
Who Writtowa mea 1. 2. 3. Groot Wha interinte regu How	ole class supported by the class supported by	teled interventions): teled interventions): urpose of the mprove s, emotional self- sss of the	and	support the student? (Maximum of 2) <u>Strategies</u> mus be practicably implemented by in the context of a 1:30 <u>adultication</u> ratio. What strategy will be implemented at home to	at a	Indicate progress to Not achieved 1. 2. 3. * Attach student What impact did the specified? Think ab	Some progress	Achieved is plan. on the behavior		Parental views What should happen next? Plan was effective - student now requires intensive support (write plan at \$ longe 1)
Who Writtowa mea 1. 2. 3. Grow Wha interinted the winter Which Wheel Whe	ble class supported by the property of the pro	teled interventions): teled interventions): urpose of the mprove s, emotional self- sss of the	and	support the student? (Maximum of 2) <u>Strategies</u> mus be practicably implemented by in the context of a 1:30 <u>adultication</u> ratio. What strategy will be implemented at home to	it .	Indicate progress to Not achieved 1. 2. 3. * Attach student What impact did the specified? Think ab	Some progress	Achieved is plan. on the behavior		Parental views What should happen next? Plan was effective - student now requires

Appendix 7 - Stage 3 Behaviour Plan



Support Purpose								
loar	surement (Goal Attainment Scal	ling):						
icas	mrement (Joan Attailment Joan	migj.		Review				
+2	Most favourable outcome that i	s likely.						
+1	Greater than expected outcome	a.						
0	Expected outcome.							
-1	Less than expected outcome (usually no change / where student is now).							
-2	2 Most unfavourable outcome (deterioration).							
Stude Stude Scho	ributors: te names of people who contribut ent agreement: te to follow the actions on this pla tol agreement: gree to follow the actions on this gree to follow the actions on this	n:		-				
Home agreement: I/we agree to follow the actions on this plan:								
Preferably, agreements about agreeing to actions should be made as publicly as possible.								
Prefe								



Appendix 8 - Stage 3 Risk Assessment

Risk assessment

Assessment number:	Completed by
Date:	

Behaviour / risk	Risk (from 0 to 10, where 0 = not applicable and 10 is very high)	When (eg. play time, during PE, in corridors)	How often? (ex.once per day, three times per week)	Who is at risk? (ex. student, peers, adults)	Potential of harm (eg.,no harm, harm, serious harm)	Control measure (What will you do to control the risk?)
Physical aggression towards peers						
Physical aggression towards adults						
Verbal aggression towards peers						
Verbal aggression towards adults						
Bullying						
Persistent disruption						
Non-compliance						
Deliberate damage to property						
Leaving class/grounds without permission						
Making unsubstantiated allegations against staff						

Other common behaviours might include: racial abuse; inappropriate sexual behaviour; arson; theft; alcohol misuse; drug misuse; possession of a weapon.

Appendix 9 – Behaviour Tracker

LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE

Behaviour Plans Tracker

Autumn 1 2023

Year Group	Names	Monitoring	Review
Nursery			
Reception			
Year 1			
Year 2			
Year 3			
Year 4			
Year 5			
Year 6			